

Back of

12"

3 Section

High Point of Roadway Surface

Elevation View

Back of

3 Section

Roadway Clearance Design Height 17 ft Minimum 16.5 ft.

Maximum 25.6 ft.

Design Loading for METAL POLE NO. 2 36' Mast Arm Direction

See Notes 4, 5

See Note 7e

Base line reference elev. = 0.0' -

8 BOLT BASE PLATE DETAIL Note 8 H1 = 19.0'Note 7 Mast Arm Direction \Q € Foundation BASE PLATE TEMPLATE & ANCHOR BOLT

SPECIAL NOTE METAL POLE No. 1 and 2 The contractor is responsible for verifying

that the mast arm attachment height (H1) will provide the "Design Height" clearance from the roadway before submitting final

elevation data below which was obtained by field measurement or from available

Elevation Data for Mast Arm

Attachment (H1)

TERMINAL COMPARTMENT @ 135° ----

POLE

See Note 6

LOCK PLATE DETAIL

For 8 Bolt Base Plate

Plate width

RADIAL ORIENTATION

Pole 1

0.0 ft.

0.0 ft.

-0.5 ft.

Pole 2

0.0 ft.

+0.5 ft.

0.0 ft.

shop drawings for approval. Verify

Elevation Reference Point

Edge of travelway or face of curb

High point of roadway surface

project survey data.

PROJECT REFERENCE NO. SHEET NO. B-3681 Sig.8

Х 96.0″ L

MAST ARM LOADING SCHEDULE				
LOADING SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION	AREA	SIZE	WEIGHT
	Signal Head 12"–5 Section–With Backplate and Astro–Brac	16.3 S.F.	42.0" W X 56.0" L	103 LBS
	SIGNAL HEAD 12"–4 SECTION–WITH BACKPLATE AND ASTRO–BRAC	11.5 S.F.	25.5" W X 66.0" L	74 LBS
	SIGNAL HEAD 12"_3 SECTION_WITH BACKPLATE AND ASTRO_BRAC	9.3 S.F.	25.5" W X 52.5" L	60 LBS
	SIGN RIGID MOUNTED WITH ASTRO–SIGN–BRAC	5.0 S.F.	24.0" W X 30.0" L	11 LBS
STREET NAME SIGN	STREET NAME SIGN	12.0 S.F.	18.0″ W X	27 LBS

STREET NAME SIGN

Design Reference Material 1. Design the traffic signal structure and foundation in accordance with:

• The 4th Edition 2001 AASHTO "Standard Specifications for Structural Supports for Highway Signs, Luminaires, and Traffic Signals, including all of the latest interim revisions.

• The 2002 NCDOT "Standard Specifications for Roads and Structures". The latest addenda to these specifications can be found in the traffic signal project special provisions.

RIGID MOUNTED WITH ASTRO-SIGN-BRAC

NOTES

• The 2002 NCDOT Roadway Standard Drawings.

• The traffic signal project plans and special provisions.

• The NCDOT "Metal Pole Standards" located at the following NCDOT website: http://www.doh.dot.state.nc.us/preconstruct/traffic/tmssu/sms/metal_pole/poles.htm

<u>Design Requirements</u>

2. Design the traffic signal structure using the loading conditions shown in the elevation views. These are anticipated worst case "Design loads" and may not represent the actual loads that will be applied at the time of the installation. The contractor should refer to the traffic signal plans for the actual loads that will be applied at the time of the installation.

3. Maximum allowable CSR for all signal supports is 0.9.

4. The camber design for mast arm deflection should provide an appearance of a low pitched arch where the tip or the free end of the mast arm does not deflect below horizontal when fully loaded.

5. A clamp-type bolted mast arm-to-pole connection may be used instead of the welded ring stiffened box connection as long as the connection meets all of the design requirements. This is a high strength connection. Use Direct Tension Indicators (ASTM F959) for each bolt.

6. Design base plate with 8 anchor bolt holes. Provide 2 inch x 66 inch anchor bolts.

7. The mast arm attachment height (H1) shown is based on the following design assumptions: a. Mast arm slope and deflection are not considered in determining the arm attachment height as they are assumed to offset each other.

b. Signal heads attached to the mast arm are rigid mounted and vertically centered on the arm. c. The roadway clearance height for design is as shown in the elevation views.

d. The top of the pole base plate is .75 feet above the ground elevation.

e.Refer to the Elevation Data chart for elevation differences between the proposed foundation

ground level and the high point on the roadway. 8. The pole manufacturer will determine the total height (H2) of each pole using the greater of

the following:

 Mast arm attachment height (H1) plus 2 feet, or
H1 plus ½ of the total height of the mast arm attachment assembly plus 1 foot. 9. If pole location adjustments are required, the contractor must gain approval from the

engineer as this may affect the mast arm lengths and arm attachment heights. The contractor may contact the Signals & Geometrics Structural Engineer for assistance at

10. The contractor is responsible for verifying that the mast arm length shown will allow proper positioning of the signal heads over the roadway.

11. The contractor is responsible for providing soil penetration testing data (SPT) to the pole manufacturer so site specific foundations can be designed.

NCDOT Wind Zone 3 (110 mph)

